Growing Your Vocabulary Learning from Latin and Greek Roots

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Introduction

To Students

Raincoat, raindrops, rainbow, rainout, freezing rain, raining. What do all these words have in common? Rain, of course! Because you already know that rain is drops of water that fall from clouds, you can give some meaning to all of the words. Fluent readers have learned to break words into parts and then put the parts back together. By understanding parts of words, you can figure out the meanings of whole words.



Learning Latin and Greek roots will help you figure out the meaning of many words in the English language. For example, the root *hydr* means "water." You probably already know that a fire hydrant has something to do with water. But did you know that *hydrate* means "to take in water"? The root *cap* means "head." Do you think the words *captain* and *capital* might have something to do with a "head"?

As you begin to recognize Latin and Greek roots in unfamiliar words, you can ask yourself if the root's meaning makes sense in the context.

The goal of using this book is to have fun with words while you increase vocabulary and word recognition.

Getting Started

The 20 chapters in this book are based on themes. For example, Chapter 4 is all about outer space. Chapter 5 is all about Earth.

In each chapter, you will learn one to four roots and up to eleven vocabulary words. The first four pages are instruction. This text provides meanings and origins of the roots, as well as the definitions of the vocabulary words. It also includes information about each of the words.

The last few pages of each chapter are exercises to practice what you've learned. There are matching activities, games, and creative writing prompts—something for everyone. And to keep all these roots and vocabulary words fresh in your mind, be sure to complete the review exercise after every five chapters.

Good luck growing your vocabulary!

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201-Symmeti

hermometer

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-00

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Barometer

LD

Diameter

Growing Your Vocabulary:

Metronome

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Chapter 1: Measuring Up

We measure things all the time. How hot is it outside? What is the distance from home to school? How tall are you? In this chapter, you'll learn words that have to do with measurement.

Root to Learn:

The Greek word **METRON** means "measure." The root **METR** comes from the word **METRON**.

A **METER** is the basis of a system of measurement called the metric system. We use the **METER** to measure length.

The meter has different forms, which we use to measure objects of all sizes. We can use the meter to measure everything from the size of a blood cell to the distance around the world!

We add prefixes, like centi-, to the word meter to change its form.

A **CENTIMETER** is one hundredth of a meter. That means it takes 100 **CENTIMETERS** to make a meter.

As with inches, we use centimeters to measure small objects. You

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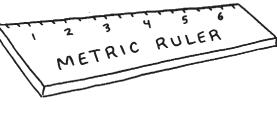
might use centimeters to measure the length of your hand. Would you use centimeters to measure an earthworm? How about the length of a football field? What about a person's eyelash?





centi-









Words to Learn:

geometry meter centimeter symmetry thermometer diameter barometer metronome

one meter long?

Can you picture things that are about



THERMOMETER and BAROMETER are two more words that

contain the root meter.

People who study the weather use thermometers and barometers to take measurements.

A **THERMOMETER** is a device used to measure temperature. When you feel sick, you use a thermometer to measure your body temperature.

A **BAROMETER** measures the pressure of the air.

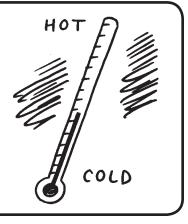
A meteorologist measures changes in air pressure with a **BAROMETER**. These measurements are important for predicting weather events like hurricanes and blizzards. When a barometer shows low pressure in the air, stormy weather is coming.

The word *barometer* can also be used as a general term meaning "test." For example, test scores might be barometers of students' knowledge in a subject. Lunch menus could be barometers for students' favorite foods.

"The ability to accept responsibility is the measure of the man." —Roy Sмітн

Did You Know?

Older thermometers contain a poisonous liquid called mercury. Even a small amount of mercury can harm people and the environment. For safety, many people have switched to using alcohol or digital thermometers.





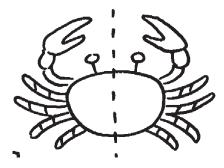
GEOMETRY is a type of math dealing with the measurement of lines, points, and shapes. If you have ever studied shapes, you know that shapes are made up of lines, points, and angles.

Like most types of math, **GEOMETRY** is more important than you might imagine. For example, architects use geometry when designing buildings. They have to plan out how the different parts of a building will fit together.



Who says geometry can't be fun? When architect Frank Gehry designs buildings, he thinks like an artist. Gehry's designs include an office building in Venice, California, that is shaped like a pair of binoculars! Although the inside of the building is much like any other, the outside is one of a kind.

The binocular building in Venice, CA.



SYMMETRY is when a figure can be folded or turned so that the parts of the figure match. If you can fold a figure so that it has two parts that match, the figure has a line of **SYMMETRY**. Figures can have more than one line of symmetry, and a line of symmetry can be horizontal or vertical.

The number 8 is **SYMMETRICAL** because the top and bottom are the same.

Symmetry is present almost everywhere in nature. These objects have **symmetry** because each side is a mirror image of the other.





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DIAMETER is the distance across a circle through the center.

People can measure the of circular objects like a pizza pie, coin, or a bicycle wheel.

The diameter of the Earth from the North Pole to the South Pole is nearly 8,000 miles!



The **diameter** is always a straight line.

A is a tool used in music to mark time.



A produces a ticking sound or uses a flashing light that precisely marks a certain tempo, or speed. Musicians use metronomes to help them stay on the beat. Since music is measured in beats per second, it is important to stay in time!

A metronome can help a musician keep time.





Exercises

meter	thermometer	geometry	diameter	
centimeter	barometer	symmetry	metronome	

I. Match It!

DIRECTIONS: Write the letter of the word from the right column that matches the definition in the left column. The first one has been done for you.

	1. a tool that marks time E	A. diameter
	2. a line segment that goes through a circle and has	B. centimeter
	endpoints on the circle	C. meter
	3. an instrument that measures pressure	D. symmetry
	in the air	E. metronome
4. one hundredt	4. one hundredth of a meter	F. barometer
	5. an instrument that measures temperature	G. geometry
	6. a word we use to describe shapes that are the	H. thermometer
	same on two or more sides	II. thermometer
	7. the study of lines, points, and shapes	
	8. the base unit of measure for distance in the	
	metric system	

.....

II. Select It!

DIRECTIONS: Using the root *metr*, write a word to complete each sentence. The first one has been done for you.

- 1. The world's largest **thermometer** in Baker, California, is 134 feet high and has a digital display that shows the temperature outside.
- 2. The ______ of Jupiter is over ten times greater than that of Earth.
- 3. Some people believe that Beethoven used a broken ______ when writing his music because some of his pieces are too fast for anyone to play!
- 4. A ______ of students' tastes could be what they choose for lunch.
- 5. The ancient Greeks' principles of ______ are still used today by people who design buildings.
- 6. Sarah couldn't believe that the bite from a small bug less than one _____ long could make her itch so much.
- 7. Most baseball bats are a little more than one _____ long.

8. If you fold a leaf in half, you may find that the leaf has perfect ______.

.....

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Chapter 1: Exercises				
		d Bank		
meter	thermometer	geometry	diameter	
centimeter	barometer	symmetry	metronome	

DIRECTIONS: Read each quotation below. Then, circle the letter of the vocabulary word that best connects to the quotation.

1. "I know a square has four sides, but how many sides does an octagon have?"

A. meter B. centimeter C. geometry

2. "The doctor told me I have a fever."

A. barometer B. diameter C. thermometer

- 3. "You cut that piece of wood a bit too short."
 - A. centimeter B. metronome C. diameter

.....

DIRECTIONS: Answer each question in a way that shows you understand the meaning of the word in *italics*.

- 1. Would you use a *metronome* if you were in a band? Why or why not?
- 2. Write about something you own that has symmetry.
- 3. If you divide a 12-inch pizza with a friend by slicing across the pizza's *diameter*, are the portions fair? Why or why not?

Chapte	er 1:
Exerci	ses

Wərd Bark									
meter	thermometer	geometry	diameter						
centimeter	barometer	symmetry	metronome						
•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••									

V. Complete It!

DIRECTIONS: Complete the sentence in a way that shows you understand what the vocabulary word in *italics* means.

- 1. Dara realized the picture of the snowflake had perfect symmetry because...
- 2. After the referee measured the *diameter* of the ball, he decided...
- 3. Katie realized that the *thermometer* was wrong when...
- 4. The architect needed to understand geometry so that...
- 5. The sailor checked the *barometer* to see...
- 6. Javier wondered how a one *centimeter* hole in the wall could...
- 7. Jess struggled to keep up with the *metronome* because...
- 8. The teacher spread her hands one *meter* apart to show...

VI. Finish It!

DIRECTIONS: Complete the dialogue. Use four or more words from the word bank in the dialogue.

Pedro: I heard you went to the National Art Gallery in Washington, D.C., last summer. How did you like it? **You**: ...

Chapter 1: Exercises				
	Wər	d Bank		
meter centimeter	thermometer barometer	geometry symmetry	diameter metronome	

DIRECTIONS: Using words from the word bank, answer the following questions and then identify the vocabulary word you have used.

- 1. The prefix deci- means "one tenth." What word means one tenth of a meter?
- 2. The prefix *a* means "not." What word using *a* would you use to refer to a butterfly with a different pattern on each wing?
- 3. The suffix *-ic* means "relating to." What word could you use to describe an architect's plan for a building?

DIRECTIONS: Take one prefix and one root and construct a real word or a made-up word. Then, write a definition for the word. If you are unsure if a word is real, look it up in a dictionary.

NOTE: Do not make a word that you have already learned in this chapter.

Root: metr gram liter

_____+____=_____

Prefix + Root = Word

Meaning + Meaning

Your Definition: _____

Dictionary Definition:



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IX. Solve It!

DIRECTIONS: Five words from the word bank are hidden in the word find puzzle below. Find the words and then use the words to answer the riddles.

1.7 000 1	С	S	Н	Y	С	Х	В	L	U	Т	R	Y
Word Bank	Q	Q	Ν	Ι	\vee	Н	R	Y	R	Е	Е	R
meter	В	Х	С	S	Е	Х	Ζ	Е	Т	Ι	Μ	Т
centimeter	Κ	I	Ι	Ν	Ν	Ρ	Т	Е	R	Q	0	Е
thermometer	Х	Ρ	В	Е	Х	Е	Μ	F	Е	\mathbb{W}	Ν	Μ
barometer	А	Μ	Ν	Ι	Μ	0	G	С	Т	В	0	0
geometry	R	\otimes	В	0	Μ	Ρ	S	R	Е	G	R	Е
symmetry diameter	G	S	R	R	К	В	Y	С	Μ	\mathbb{W}	Т	G
metronome	Ζ	А	Е	Μ	L	F	Y	Ζ	А	\otimes	Е	\mathbb{W}
	В	Н	Ζ	Т	U	G	F	Q		F	Μ	L
	Т	Н	С	F	U	Μ	Ζ	U	D	К	Н	S
		I	Ζ	Ζ	S	Е	Т	0	В	Y	Ι	Ν

Riddles:

1. I can handle the pressure.

2. The beat goes on with me.

3. Lines and triangles and squares, that's me!

4. I measure 7.4 centimeters on a baseball.

5. If it's too cold to go outside, I'll let you know.

Use the root from the five answers above and a prefix from the chapter to create another word from the word bank. Then, fill in the meaning of each word part below the word.

_ ___ _

_ ____ ___

_ ___



DIRECTIONS: The list below contains devices that measure different things. Use the Internet or other resources to research any three of the devices and then write about what each device measures. Then, use the root *metr* to make up a word for a new device. In complete sentences, explain what it measures.

Extreme Measures!

altimeter cardiometer hydrometer odometer pedometer speedometer

A ______ is used to measure ______

A _____ is used to measure _____

A _____ is used to measure _____