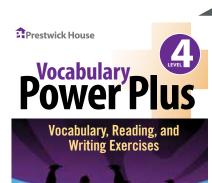


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Power Plus Vocabulary, Reading and

Vocabulary, Reading, and Writing Exercises

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Introduction

How many words do you know?

100 words?

1,000 words?

10,000 words?

Believe it or not, you will probably know more than 15,000 words by the time you grow up.

Yes, you are that smart. And it's a great thing. Just one little word can express an idea that you might need dozens of other words to describe. For example, explain what love or happiness is without using those two words. It might take a while, especially if you want people to truly understand the ideas the words represent.

Imagine talking to a group of two- or three-year-old toddlers. They very well may know 1,000 words. If you ask them what they think about something, the answer will be long and, possibly, difficult to understand.

You, older and knowing 5,000 words, have words to describe your idea more clearly. You could answer the same question in seconds instead of minutes. Your answer will probably be much clearer, too. It is even possible that you know a single word that expresses everything the toddlers described.

For the rest of your life, the more words you learn, the better you will be able to communicate. Whether you speak your ideas out loud or write them down on paper, your personal library of words will make your ideas clear and concise. People will understand you, and you will understand other people.

We hope Vocabulary Power Plus gives you a great start to building your collection of words. The meanings of words overlap in many ways, so the more words you learn, the better you'll become at learning new ones. The reading passages in this book will help you see how other people use words to express ideas. Some passages will ask you to improve how others use their words.

Have fun, and take pride in building your word library. As your ideas get bigger and bigger, you'll need plenty of words to express them!

Word List

<u>Lesson One</u>	<u>Lesson Four</u>	<u>Lesson Seven</u>	Lesson Ten
aggressive	convict	complex	atmosphere
appealing	dangerous	constant	dull
brutal	detect	gaze	eager
dispute	exhaust	neglect	elevate
distribute	hilarious	passage	familiar
encounter	incident	property	maximum
enthusiasm	local	reject	obey
portion	pity	review	recommend
routine	rely	source	scatter
taunt	sorcerer	uneasy	security

<u>Lesson Two</u>	<u>Lesson Five</u>	Lesson Eight	Lesson Eleven
burden	abrupt	burrow	audible
collapse	approval	despise	desperate
edible	deny	expectation	effect
inhabit	determination	flaw	identify
instant	duplicate	flexible	interior
negative	myth	heroic	interrupt
numeral	pure	permanent	quantity
obvious	rotate	ridiculous	strive
persuade	sorrowful	satisfy	typical
quality	wicked	sprout	wearv

Lesson Three	<u>Lesson Six</u>	<u>Lesson Nine</u>	<u>Lesson Twelve</u>
advantage	camouflage	autobiography	alternate
civilization	cancel	compact	announce
combat	crisis	disregard	beware
instruct	expand	employ	function
massive	gleeful	focus	glacier
nonsense	kin	moisture	gorgeous
ordinary	opponent	penalty	parasite
request	productive	portable	positive
severe	rejoice	pounce	symbol
smuggle	supreme	tidy	toxic



Lesson One

aggressive *adj.* forceful, often to the point of attack

UH-GRES-IV Polar bears can be *aggressive* animals; there have been many reports

claiming that they attack humans.

syn: hostile; combative ant: easygoing; calm

appealing *adj.* attractive, interesting, or pleasing

UH-**PEEL**-EENG The television commercial made the burger look much more appealing

than what I got!

syn: charming; agreeable ant: disgusting; revolting

brutal *adj.* cruel, harsh, or demanding

BROO-TUL Mrs. Marin's brutal comments about Alex's athletic ability nearly made

him quit the team.

syn: savage; merciless ant: kind; polite

dispute v. to argue against a belief or idea

DIS-**PYOOT** All the students *disputed* the schoolwide ban on candy.

syn: challenge; contradict ant: agree

distribute v. to give or hand out, especially among a group

DIS-TRIB-YOOT The mail carrier's job is to distribute letters to all the houses.

syn: deliver; spread ant: collect; gather

encounter v. to meet or experience, often unexpectedly

EN-**KOWN**-TUR If you *encounter* Nathan on the way to the store, tell him I said hello.

syn: confront; face ant: avoid

enthusiasm *n.* excitement or interest in a certain activity

EN-**THOO**-ZEE-A-ZIM Jake's Pittsburgh Steelers jacket and hat showed his *enthusiasm* for

the team.

syn: spirit ant: boredom

portion *n*. any part of the whole

POR-SHUN I want only a *portion* of that piece of cake; you can have the rest.

syn: fragment; share ant: whole

routine *n*. a repeated behavior or series of actions

ROO-TEEN Tammy's morning routine includes brushing her teeth and combing

her hair.

syn: habit; method

taunt v. to say or do mean things in an effort to make someone angry

TAWNT If you taunt that tiger, it might decide to bite you.

syn: provoke; tease ant: praise; respect

Exercise I – Words in Context

Using the list of vocabulary words, supply the correct word to complete each sentence.

1.	The dog started growling when the kids began to him.
2.	It is common to a black squirrel in the Midwest.
3.	Tisha practiced her figure skating at least five times a week.
4.	Would you please this handout to everyone in class?
5.	Flowers covered the field, except for the where the house was being built.
6.	The crowd, full of for the band, held up colorful hand-made posters.
7.	The car salesman would not accept no for an answer.
8.	The review of the new movie convinced many people that it wasn't worth seeing.
9.	It is hard to the need for good education in America.
10.	The smell of fresh brownies filled the dining room.

Exercise II – Finish the Sentence

First, choose the ending for each sentence that makes the best sense with the italicized vocabulary word used. Then, write your own ending for each sentence that shows you understand the meaning of the vocabulary word.

- **1.** Ty began taunting Jane about her glasses, and...
 - A. she eventually lost her temper.
 - B. she laughed along with him.
- **2.** To Leah, the appealing trip...
 - A. was simply just too expensive.
 - B. was sure to make her smile.
- **3.** After learning that his car had been broken into, the *aggressive* man...
 - A. immediately yelled that he would hurt the people who did it.
 - B. took a few deep breaths and then smiled at his problem.
- **4.** The mayor asked his assistant if she would *distribute*...
 - A. the time of day.
 - B. the new campaign flyers.
- **5.** The comedian had so much *enthusiasm* that the crowd...
 - A. booed every time he tried to speak.
 - B. strained to hear every word.
- **6.** When the hikers *encountered* a bear,...
 - A. they imagined what one would look like up close.
 - B. it seemed much bigger than the ones they saw on TV.
- **7.** An exercise *routine* is necessary because...
 - A. regular exercise will ensure good health.
 - B. doing different exercises is enjoyable.
- **8.** The *brutal* conditions of the Arctic winter were...
 - A. a nice change from the typical, predictable weather.
 - B. difficult even for people used to harsh winters.

Exercise IV – Critical Reading

5

10

15

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25

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35

Carefully read the passage and then choose the best answer for each of the questions that follow. The passage contains vocabulary words from the lesson.

When someone thinks of Ireland, he or she might think of folk dancing, green landscapes dotted with sheep, and ancient castles. There are also rock formations that attract thousands of visitors to the rainy countryside every year. One of the most beautiful attractions is located on the coast of Northern Ireland in County Antrim. It's called the Giant's Causeway.

After tourists descend a steep canyon, they reach the edge of the water. They then can see tens of thousands of hexagonal columns that naturally occur along the coast. These honeycomb-shaped rocks are the result of a volcanic eruption that happened over 60 million years ago. The lava cooled and got smaller in an uneven way. As the columns contracted over the centuries, they formed the six-sided stones that tourists walk on and take pictures of. We have a scientific explanation for the strange formation. Irish legends surrounding the rocks tell a completely different story, though.

According to folklore, a giant by the name of Finn McCool left his home one day to investigate a noise. Looking across to the opposite shore, Finn saw another giant named Benandonner. He yelled names and insults at Finn. Finn and Benandonner argued angrily. Neither giant liked being mocked. The **aggressive** Finn picked up a mound of earth and threw it at his tormentor. The land that fell into the sea became the Isle of Man. The huge hole left behind slowly filled with water. It became Lough Neagh, the largest lake in the British Isles. The Scottish giant **taunted** Finn, explaining that he could not swim. Otherwise, he would have made his way across and taught Finn a lesson.

Finn used the six-sided rocks around him to build a path from Ireland to Scotland so the two giants could end their **dispute**. Benandonner began to walk across. As the giant approached, though, Finn's courage vanished. From across the water, Benandonner had seemed small. As he neared, his great size became very obvious.

In a panic, Finn ran home and told his wife what had happened. She quickly threw a blanket over Finn and put a bonnet on his head. When Benandonner arrived at their house, she invited him inside. She told him her husband was out hunting. He could meet their son in the meantime. The "son" was, of course, Finn. Benandonner could only imagine how huge the father would be if his baby was so big. Unwilling to **encounter** such a massive giant, Benandonner ran out of the house. He destroyed the causeway as he fled. The path was gone forever.

Two large **portions** of hexagonal rocks still exist to tell the tale. One is on the Irish coast and the other on Scotland's coast.