



Rhetorical Devices in SHAKESPEARE'S

JULIUS CAESAR



"Everything for the English Classroom!"

Rhetorical Devices in Shakespeare's Julius Caesar Power Presentation, © June 2011 by Prestwick House, Inc. All rights reserved.

ISBN: 978-1-935468-12-7

Item #: 308545



ALLITERATION

The repetition of the beginning sounds within two or more words of a phrase, sentence, or longer passage.







Act II, scene i

Trebonius: For he will live and laugh at this hereafter.



Act II, scene i

Trebonius: For he will live and laugh at this hereafter.



Act V, scene iii

Titinius: Clouds, dews, and dangers come; our deeds are done! Mistrust of my success hath done this deed.



ALLUSION

A reference to a fairly well known event, place, or person. The reference may appear in the form of a simile, metaphor, analogy, or it may not be within any other rhetorical device at all.







Act I, scene ii

Cassius: I, as Aeneas our great ancestor

Did from the flames of Troy upon his shoulder

The old Anchises bear, so from the waves of Tiber

Did I the tired Caesar.





Act I, scene ii

Cassius: I, as Aeneas our great ancestor

Did from the flames of Troy upon his shoulder

The old Anchises bear, so from the waves of Tiber

Did I the tired Caesar.



Act I, scene ii

Cassius: I, as Aeneas our great ancestor

Did from the flames of Troy upon his shoulder

The old Anchises bear, so from the waves of Tiber

Did I the tired Caesar.

During the fall of Troy, Aeneas (who was the legendary founder of Rome) carried his father, Anchises, to safety on his shoulders.